# **AMIODARONE Drug Specific Monitoring Document**



TARGET	Board-wide	
AUDIENCE		
PATIENT GROUP	All patients aged 12 years and older taking oral Amiodarone	

#### References

- British National Formulary (2024). BNF / NICE. [online] NICE. Available at: https://bnf.nice.org.uk/.
- Specialist Pharmacy Service (2021). *Medicines Monitoring*. [online] SPS Specialist Pharmacy Service. Available at: <a href="https://www.sps.nhs.uk/home/tools/drug-monitoring/">https://www.sps.nhs.uk/home/tools/drug-monitoring/</a>.
- Electronic Medicines Compendium (2019). *Home electronic medicines compendium (emc)*. [online] Medicines.org.uk. Available at: <a href="https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc">https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc</a>

### Governance information for drug specific document

Lead Author(s):	Medicines Policy and Guidance Team		
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Responsible Person (if different from lead author)	Kirsty Macfarlane/Mark Russell		

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<b>Medication Name</b>	AMIODARONE			
Actions by specialist	• LFTs			
clinician before	U&Es			
initiation	• TFTs			
	Chest x-ray			
	• ECG			
	For all drugs, specialist clinicians should consider whether vaccination/exclusion of other			
	contraindications (including active infection), is required and arrange as appropriate.			
DIS actions on	This box is intentionally blank.			
starting treatment	,			
and following dose				
titration during				
initiation period				
Ongoing monitoring	6 monthly			
in Primary Care once	o TFTs			
stable	o LFTs			
	o U&Es			
	<ul> <li>After stopping amiodarone, continue TFT testing for a further 1 year; at 6 and 12</li> </ul>			
	months.			
	Annually			
	<ul> <li>Consider chest x-ray if new, unexplained respiratory symptoms present</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Consider Ophthalmology referral if blurred or decreased vision.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Patients should be encouraged to attend optometrist annually due to the</li> </ul>			
	potential for micro-deposits			
Action if monitoring	Hypothyroidism			
is outside reference	In clinically euthyroid patients, amiodarone may cause isolated biochemical changes			
range	(increase free-T4, slight decrease/normal free-T3). There is no reason to discontinue			
J	unless there is clinical or further biological (TSH) evidence of thyroid disease.			
	The following advice is available:			
	<ul> <li>Free T4 is low; TSH is greater than 4.5 mU/L Consider treating with</li> </ul>			
	levothyroxine if amiodarone is considered essential.			
	<ul> <li>Free T4 is normal; TSH is greater than 10 mU/L; duration is over 6 months</li> </ul>			
	Consider treating with levothyroxine or repeat again in 3 months.			
	<ul> <li>Free T4 is elevated; TSH is greater than 4.5 mU/L; duration is less than 3</li> </ul>			
	months Observe and repeat in 3 months.			
	Hyperthyroidism			
	High circulating free T4 is associated with high or high/normal free T3 and			
	undetectable TSH			
	<ul> <li>A diagnosis of amiodarone-associated hyperthyroidism is possible</li> </ul>			
	Withdraw amiodarone and seek specialist (endocrinology) referral			
	<ul> <li>Clinical recovery usually occurs within a few months but precedes</li> </ul>			
	normalisation of TFTs			
	<ul> <li>Severe cases, sometimes resulting in fatalities, have been reported</li> </ul>			
	TSH is less than 0.1 mU/L, and T3 and T4 normal or minimally increased			
	Repeat test in 2-4 weeks			
	TSH is less than 0.1 mU/L and T4 elevated, T3 elevated or 50% greater than baseline			
	Discuss urgently with a specialist (endocrinologist) who may advise			
	amiodarone withdrawal			
	<ul> <li>Arrange for TSH-receptor antibodies and TPO antibodies</li> </ul>			
	LFTs			
	Amiodarone dose should be reduced or the treatment discontinued if the			
	transaminases increase exceeds three times the normal range.			
Actions to take if	Actions needed may vary - consult specialist team for further guidance			
restarting	Actions needed may vary - consult specialist team for fulfiller guidance			
medication after	Patients should be referred by the specialist clinician to the drug initiation hub if re-			
treatment break	titration or enhanced monitoring is required			
treatment break	thration of enhanced monitoring is required			

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CONSULTATION AND DISTRIBUTION RECORD			
Contributing Author / Authors			
Stakeholders:	MC, GP Sub-committee, Jennifer Gibson, Eimear Gordon, anthony Carson, Richard Shearer, Rebecca Malley, Rosemary Beaton, Acute specialist pharmacists.		
Distribution	Acute specialist consultants and pharmacists, Senior primary care pharmacists, all individuals involved with the Drug Initiation Service, LMC and GP sub-committee		

CHANGE RECORD			
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